



National Institute of Standards & Technology

Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material[®] 3012

1,2-Dichloroethane in Methanol

(Nominal Mass Fraction – 0.01 g/g)

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended primarily for the calibration of instrumentation and validation of methods for volatile organic compound (VOC) determinations. Because of its miscibility with water, this SRM can also be used to fortify aqueous samples with known amounts of the VOC. One unit of SRM 3012 consists of two 5 mL sealed borosilicate glass ampoules of a gravimetrically prepared single compound solution in methanol. Approximately 2.5 mL of this SRM mixture is supplied in each 5 mL glass ampoule.

Certified Value: The certified concentration value [1,2] for 1,2-dichloroethane, reported as a mass fraction, is given below.

1,2-Dichloroethane (mass fraction): 0.010039 g/g \pm 0.000071 g/g

The uncertainty in the certified value is expressed as an expanded uncertainty, $U = ku_c$, calculated according to the methods in the ISO and NIST Guides [3]. The coverage factor, $k = 2$, is used to obtain an expanded uncertainty with an approximate confidence level of 95 %. The quantity u_c represents, at the level of one standard deviation, the combined effects of the uncertainty due to purity assessment and an allowance for differences between the concentration determined by gravimetric preparation and chromatographic measurements.

Reference Value: A reference value [1] for density is provided for the calculation of volume to assist in the transfer of material during gravimetric dilutions of the SRM.

Density of the SRM Solution at 22 °C: 0.79273 g/mL \pm 0.00125 g/mL

Expiration of Certification: The certification of this SRM is valid, within the measurement uncertainties specified, until **01 August 2010**, provided the SRM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions given in this certificate (see "Instructions for Use"). This certification is nullified if the SRM is contaminated or otherwise modified.

Maintenance of SRM Certification: NIST will monitor this SRM over the period of its certification. If substantive changes occur that affect the certification before the expiration of this certificate, NIST will notify the purchaser. Registration (see attached sheet) will facilitate notification.

The overall coordination and direction of the technical work required for this SRM certification were performed by F.R. Guenther of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

The analytical measurements leading to the certification of this SRM were performed by T.L. Green, F.R. Guenther and C.R. Mack of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

Statistical consultation was provided by S.D. Leigh of the NIST Statistical Engineering Division.

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Certificate Issue Date: 12 January 2006
See Certificate Revision History on Last Page

Robert L. Watters, Jr., Chief
Measurement Services Division

Partial support for the preparation and certification of this SRM was provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Water, Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, and Office of Research and Development.

The support aspects involved in the issuance of this SRM were coordinated through the NIST Measurement Services Division.

SRM Preparation: This SRM was prepared by NIST using precise gravimetric mass determinations. Chemicals used in the preparation were received from commercial sources and were assessed for purity at NIST using differential scanning calorimetry (DSC), gas chromatography with flame ionization detection (GC/FID), and gas chromatography with mass selective detection (GC/MSD).

1,2-Dichloroethane Concentration Value Assignment: The certified value for 1,2-dichloroethane was determined from the gravimetric preparation of the SRM, and analysis of randomly selected ampoules from the lot using GC/FID. The analytical method was calibrated using four calibration standards independently prepared by gravimetry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Storage: Sealed ampoules should be stored in the dark at temperatures between 10 °C and 30 °C.

Opening of Ampoule: Open ampoules carefully to prevent contamination and injury. The ampoules are pre-scored and should **NOT** be opened using a file. It is recommended that aliquots be withdrawn at temperatures between 20 °C and 25 °C. Each ampouled solution must be opened in a clean, dry environment and processed without delay. Each ampouled solution of the SRM is intended for use immediately after opening and may **NOT** be reused, even if resealed.

Preparation of Working Standard Solutions by Mass: Great care must be used in handling this SRM. Dilution of this SRM should be made gravimetrically (weighed) and **NOT** by volumetric means (volume may be calculated for transfer purposes only). It is recommended that the SRM material be transferred in a gas-tight syringe to a septum sealed container containing the diluent. It is critical that the SRM be injected slowly beneath the surface of the diluent. The syringe should be weighed before injecting the material and weighed again after solution transfer. This allows subtraction of the mass of the syringe and any SRM material that remains in the syringe. The amount of 1,2-dichloroethane added to the diluent can be determined from the mass added and the certified value.

REFERENCES

- [1] May, W.E.; Parris, R.M.; Beck II, C.M.; Fassett, J.D.; Greenberg, R.R.; Guenther, F.R.; Kramer, G.W.; Wise, S.A.; Gills, T.E.; Colbert, J.C.; Gettings, R.J.; MacDonald, B.S.; *Definition of Terms and Modes Used at NIST for Value-Assessment of Reference Materials for Chemical Measurements*; NIST Special Publication 260-136; U.S. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC (2000).
- [2] Taylor, B.N.; *Guide for the Use of the International System of Units (SI)*; NIST Special Publication 811; U.S. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC (1995).
- [3] ISO; *Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement*; ISBN 92-67-10188-9, 1st ed., International Organization for Standardization: Geneva, Switzerland (1993); see also Taylor, B.N.; Kuyatt, C.E.; *Guidelines for Evaluating and Expressing the Uncertainty of NIST Measurement Results*; NIST Technical Note 1297, U.S. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC (1994); available at <http://physics.nist.gov/Pubs/>.

Certificate Revision History: 12 January 2006 (This technical revision reports an extension in the certification period); 07 January 2002 (Original certificate date).

Users of this SRM should ensure that the certificate in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program at: telephone (301) 975-6776; fax (301) 926-4751; e-mail srminfo@nist.gov; or via the Internet at <http://www.nist.gov/srm>.